



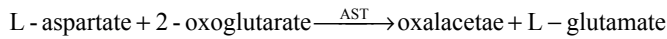
**AST (GOT)**  
*Aspartate aminotransferase*  
**E.C.2.6.1.1.**  
**Colorimetric method**

Cat.No. 101-0025

Size 200 tests

**PRINCIPLE:**

The enzyme AST catalyzes the following reaction:



The oxalacetate in reaction with 2,4-dinitro-phenylhydrazine forms oxalacetate hydrazones which are brown in alkaline medium. The product is determined photometrically at 505 nm.

**SAMPLE:**

Serum (nonhemolyzed).

**REAGENTS:**

- |                                     |            |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Buffer-substrate (1 x 100 ml)    |            |
| Triethanolamine-EDTA buffer, pH 7.5 | 50 mmol/L  |
| L-aspartate                         | 200 mmol/L |
| 2-oxoglutarate                      | 2 mmol/L   |
|                                     |            |
| 2. Color reagent (1 x 100 ml)       |            |
| 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH)   | 1 mmol/L   |
|                                     |            |
| 3. Standard (1 x 10 ml)             |            |
| Sodium pyruvate                     | 2 mmol/L   |
|                                     |            |
| 4. Additional reagent               |            |
| NaOH (Cat. No. 101-0023)            | 0.4 mol/L  |

All reagents to be used undiluted.

Reagents are stable up to the expiry date when stored at +2 °C to +8 °C.

**PROCEDURE:**

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| Wavelength:      | 505 nm (490-520) |
| Cuvette:         | 1 cm light path  |
| Temperature:     | 37 °C            |
| Color stability: | 60 min.          |
| Zero:            | Reagent blank    |

Pipette into test tubes:	Sample	Reagent blank
Buffer-substrate	0.5 ml	0.5 ml
Sample	0.1 ml	-
Distilled water	-	0.1 ml
Mix and incubate for exactly 30 min. at 37 °C.		
DNPH	0.5 ml	0.5 ml
Mix well and let stand for exactly 20 min. at 20 to 25 °C.		
NaOH	5.0 ml	5.0 ml
Mix and after 5 minutes read the absorbance of sample against the reagent blank.		

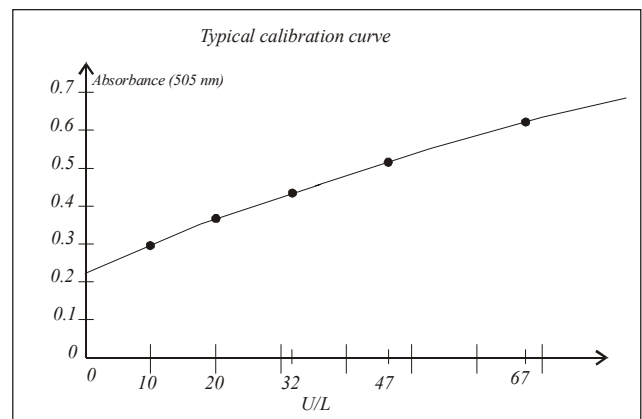
**CALCULATION:**

Using the absorbance values of the samples, read off the enzyme activity in U/L from calibration curve.

**PREPARATION OF CALIBRATION CURVE:**

Pipette into tubes:	Test tube no.						
	Blank	1	2	3	4	5	6
Redistilled water	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Buffer-substrat	1.00	0.95	0.90	0.85	0.80	0.75	0.70
Standard	-	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30
DNPH	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Mix and let stand for 20 minutes at 20°C to 25°C							
0.4 mol/L NaOH	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mix and after 5 minutes measure the absorbance of each solution in test tubes 1 to 8 against the reagent blank at 505 nm (or green filter).							
AST U/L	0	10	20	32	47	67	93

Plot (millimeter paper) the absorbance values determined on the ordinate against the U/L values (from the table) on the abscissa and use these points to draw a calibration curve.



**EXPECTED VALUES:**

AST up to 19 U/L (317 nkat/L)

**LINEARITY:**

up to 80 U/L (1334 nkat/L)

**QUALITY CONTROL:**

All commercial control sera with established values for this method.

**NOTE:**

1. If the activity is higher than 80 U/L, dilute sample 1:5 with saline and multiply the result by 5.
2. Buffer-substrate and standard contain sodium azide. Avoid ingestion or contact with skin or mucous membranes.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Reitman, S., and Frankel, S., Amer. J. Clin. Path., 1957;28:56
2. Bergmeyer, H.U., Clin. Chem. 1972;18:1305